

Metadata Requirements

# Metadata Requirements for Drilling Data

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THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN

### What is Metadata ?

	<b>met·a·da·ta</b> /ˈmedəˌdādə,ˈmedəˌdadə/											
		nou	n									
	A B C D D F G H											
1	Date Time	Hole Depth	Diff Press	Top Drive RPM	Top Drive Torque	Toolface Grav	Toolface Mag	TOTAL_GAS3	Svy Azimuth			
2	6/19/2016 19:00	8938.56	213.98	40	13829	360	95.6	0	240.7			
3	6/19/2016 19:00	8938.67	204.9	40.1	13208	360	160.9	0	240.7			
4	6/19/2016 19:00	8938.78	199.15	39.9	12938	360	175.5	0	240.7			
5	6/19/2016 19:00	8938.88	201.85	40	13628	360	295.9	0	240.7			
6	6/19/2016 19:00	8938.99	205.41	40.1	13244	360	295.9	0	240.7			
7	6/19/2016 19:00	8939.1	200.01	40	12918	360	318.7	0	240.7			
8	6/19/2016 19:01	8939.21	205.82	39.9	13565	360	334	0	240.7			
9	6/19/2016 19:01	8939.32	204.46	40	12989	360	284.2	0	240.7			
10	6/19/2016 19:01	8939.43	192.93	40	12423	360	194.6	0	240.7			

# Metadata for Drilling Data ?



- CSV files
  - Compiled information
  - 6+ GB
  - 590 columns
- No Metadata
  - Header names only information
  - After compiling 5 docs, still ½ without info



Vendor A
----------

TIME(datetime) ACCZ(g) BOBMAG(N.m) BOBPHI(rad) MAG RPMACC(rev/mn) SIDEACCMAG(g) SIDEACCPHI(rad) TOB(N.m) WOB(kN)

Vendor B

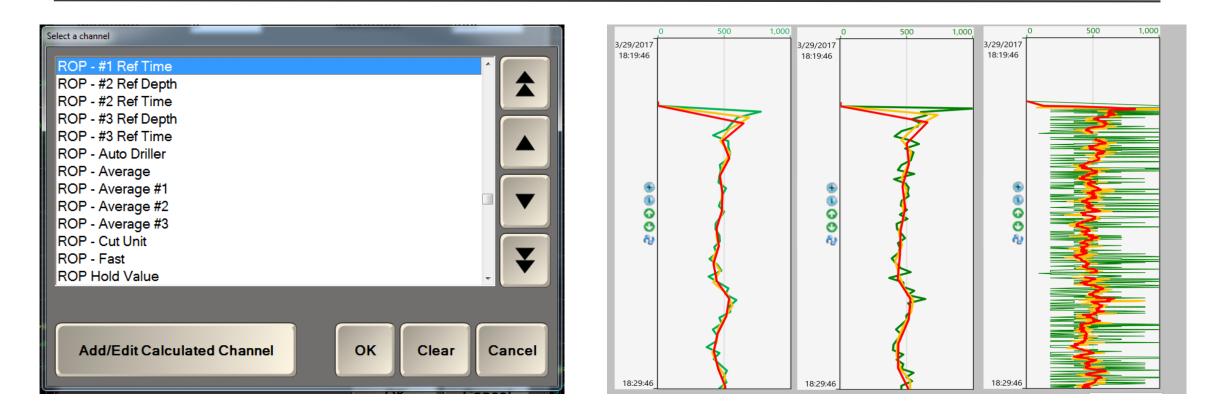
TIME(datetime) ACCZ(g) BOBMAG(N.m) BOBPHI(rad) MAG RPMACC(rev/mn) SIDEACCMAG(g) SIDEACCPHI(rad) TOB(N.m) WOB(kN)

Vendor C
TIME(datetime)
AP(KPSI)
AXIAL_VIBRATION(G)
ELAPSED_TIME(SEC)
GX(G)
GY(G)
LATERAL_VIBRATION(G)
RPM_GYRO(RPM)
RPM_MAG(RPM)
TOR(RAD/S^2)
TORQUE_CORRECTED(KLB-FT)
TORQUE_UNCORRECTED(KLB- FT)
TORSIONAL_VIBRATION(RAD/ S^2)
WEIGHT_CORRECTED(KLB)
WEIGHT_UNCORRECTED(KLB)
X_ACCEL(G)
Y_ACCEL(G)

Vendor E

TIME(datetime) COPINXYR(DEG) DANPAR(PSI) DATEMPR(DEGF) DBMAR(FT-LB) DBMTFR(DEG) DEPTH(FT) DIFPAR(PSI) HFRMSR(KLBF) MTRAVGR(RPM) RPMAR(RPM) RPMMNR(RPM) RPMMXR(RPM) SEVTDR SEVXYDR SEVZDR SSLIPDR T1RMSR(GRAVITY) TORCR(KFT.LB) WHIRLDR WOBCR(KLBF) WOBDR XY1RMSR(GRAVITY) Z1RMSR(GRAVITY)

### Is Metadata Important?

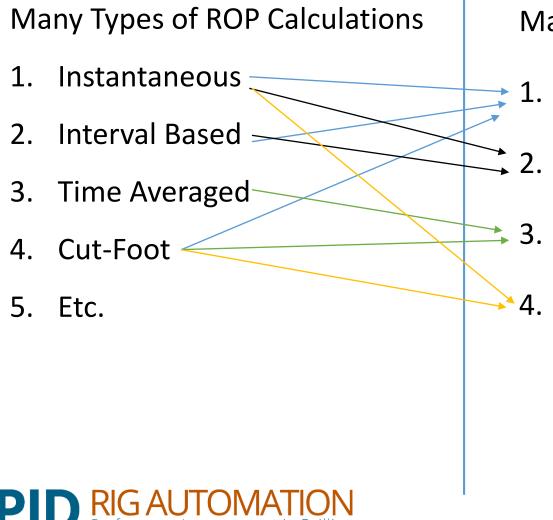


Do we really need to know how the ROPs were calculated ?



Metadata Requirements

## Types and Uses of ROP



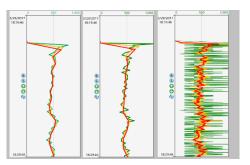
Many Uses of ROP

MSE Calculations  $MSE = 0.35 * \left(\frac{WOB}{A_B} + \frac{120 * \pi * RPM * T}{A_B * ROP}\right)$ 

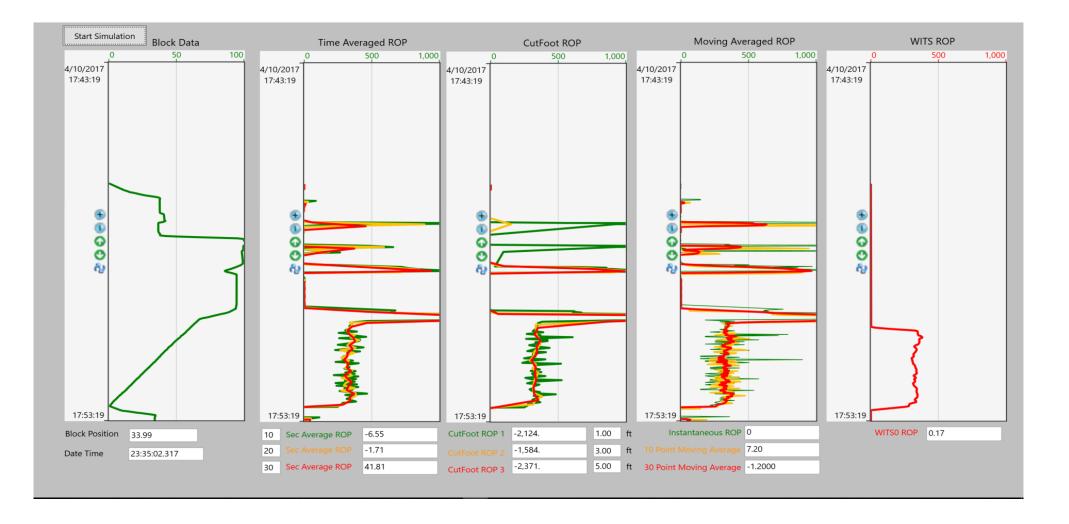
Rig Controller/Auto Driller

Daily Drilling Summary (Morning Report)

### Visualization

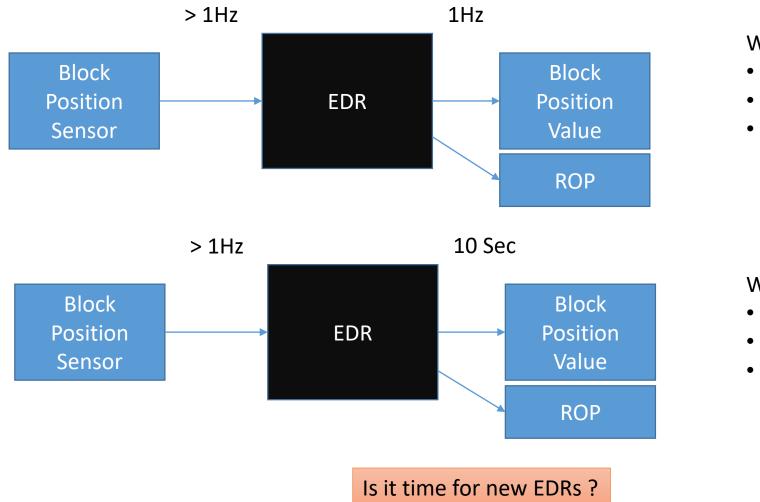


## Fun Project: Finding What ROPA Means?



RAPID RIGAUTOMATION Perfomance Improvement in Drilling

# Variations In EDR Behavior



What is acceptable ?

- Filtered and averaged?
- Max value?
- Time interval value?

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- Filtered and averaged?
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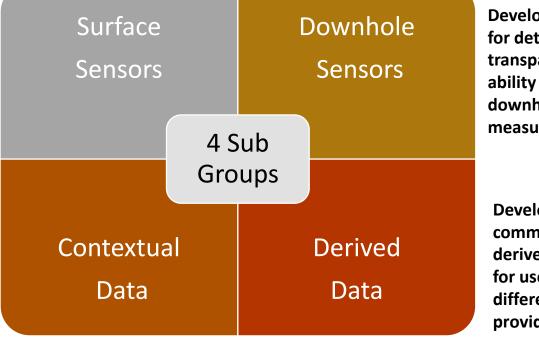


### SPE DSATS DQA Effort

The SPE DSATS DQA team was formed to complement the work done by the Operators Data Quality, and assist in improving drilling data quality

Develop recommendations for the selection of surface sensors, adequate for different automations tasks

Develop recommendations for contextual data that would be useful to be captured, and possible ways of capturing them



Develop an open method for detailing the quality, transparency and integrability of data from downhole sensors and measurements.

Develop guidelines for common critically derived measurements for use between different service providers

# Transparency - Downhole Sensor Measurements



#### Society of Petroleum Engineers

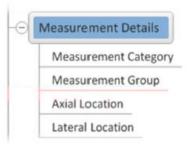
#### SPE-174874-MS

#### A Framework for Transparency in Drilling Mechanics and Dynamics Measurements

John D. Macpherson, Baker Hughes; Pastusek Paul, ExxonMobil; Michael Behounek, Apache; Richard Harmer, Schlumberger

Copyright 2015, Society of Petroleum Engineers

This paper was prepared for presentation at the SPE Annual Technical Conference and Exhibition held in Houston, Texas, USA, 28-30 September 2015.



M	easurement Characteristics
	Output Sample Rate
	Raw Sample Rate
	Gap Length
	Gap Percentage
	Maximum Range

Minimum Range

Resolution

	Metadata	Description	Example
	Information: Name	Brief descriptive text describing measurement	Bending.Rate.Av
INFO	Information: Units	As defined in WITSML Units of Measurement standards	g Hz
	Detail: Category	Acceleration, velocity, displacement, force, bending moment, torque, pressure, temperature, angle, frequency, power	frequency
1	Detail: Group	Bit, BHA, along-string, surface sub, surface rig, below sea level	BHA
IA	Detail: Processing	Time series, statistic, diagnostic	statistic
DETAIL	Detail: Axial Location	Axial location of the measurement if located in the drillstring; measured from the drill bit (m)	15.6
	Detail: Lateral Location	Lateral location of the measurement if located in the drillstring; radial distance for the center of the drillstring (mm)	82.6
2	Char: Raw Sample Rate	Digital sample rate, in Hz, from the primary sampling system	1000
RIST	Char: Output Sample Rate	Sample rate the time series, statistic or diagnostic is generated	0.2
CHARACTERISTIC	Char: Gap Length and Percentage	In snapshot sampling, the length in time when sampling is paused and not buffered, and the percentage of time that this occurs.	0
CHAR	Char: Maximum and Minimum Data Range	Valid limits of the measurement in sensor units.	0, 12.5
	Char: Resolution	Digital resolution of the measurement	0.005
BW	Bandwidth Details	Data describing the measurement bandwidth at the raw sample rate	-



# Data Transfer Standards for Downhole Data

### IADC/SPE-178900-MS



Efficiently Transferring and Sharing Drilling Data from Downhole Sensors

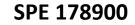
Theresa Baumgartner, Yang Zhou, and Eric van Oort, The University of Texas at Austin

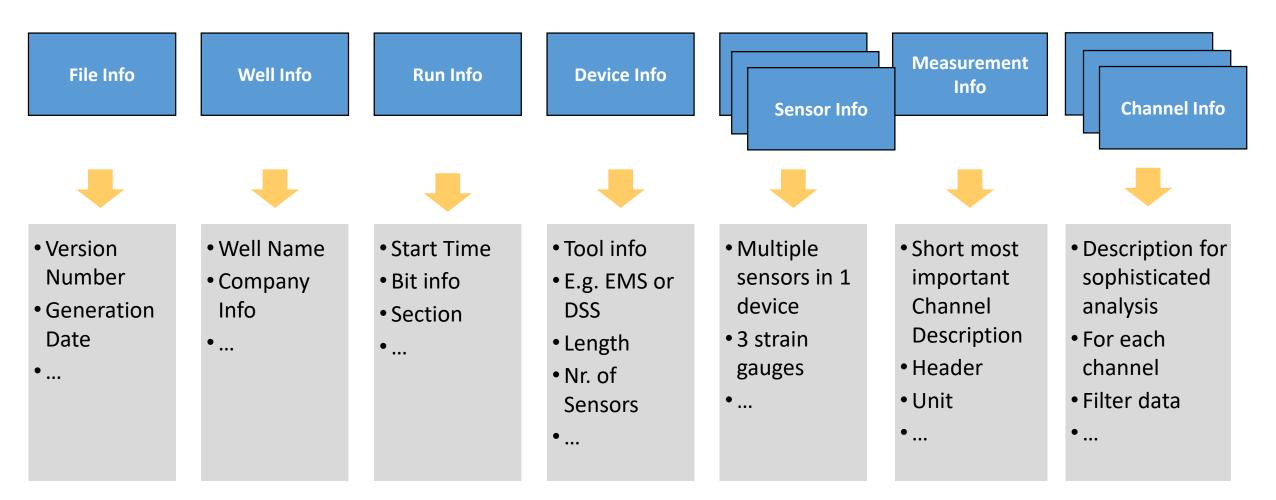
- Published paper proposes *solution for downhole data transfer* 
  - Standardized format of data
  - Metadata structure
- Goal
  - Work towards *automated data processing*
  - Minimize *processing* time for data provider and end user
  - Maximize *transparency* and thus *value* of data



# General Structure of the Metadata Header

Structure that helps to make the process of collecting metadata most efficient





## Excerpt from Theresa et al. Paper

	Tag Meta	data Unit	Description
Well Inf. Block	-well Information Block #TAG Data #	Sidetrack 2: OilCompany: FastDrillers Inc:	Description Descriptive name of well Unique well identifier Identification of borehole Operating company Ending Depth Drilling contractor company Spud date Name of field State Country Wellhead position latitude (north is positive) Wellhead position longitude (east is positive)
Run Inf. Block	~Run Information Block #TAG Data #	Unit 2: 2: 15:11:2015 04:31: 16:11:2015 16:09: 9,232: ft 10,123: ft vertical: 8.5: in PDC: Amphion: 0.00342)*1.00043: sec Sensor 3 failed:	Description Bit run number The BHA (drilling string) run number Date and time that activities started Date and time that activities stopped Depth of data recording start Depth of data recording end Wellbore trajectory shape (vertical,curve,horizontal,tangent,) Diameter of drilled hole Type of bit Surface data collection system/company (e.g. Amphion, Pason,) Time lag compared to surface data reference, both shift and stretch of dh data Irregular operational event occurring in this run
Device Inf.	~Device Information Block #TAG Data # DeviceName DeviceVendor VendorContactName Fin	BlackBox:	Description Commercial name of device Unique identifier for data service company (e.g. stock code) Contact person within data service company

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Metadata Requirements

# Metadata can be Required or Optional

### Examples: Required

- Sampling frequency
- Data frequency
- Calculated vs measured data
- Offset time to surface data
- Sensor failure during run
- Position of Sensor

• ...

### Examples: Optional

- Equations
- Failure rate indicator
- Sensor accuracy
- Calibration information
- Type of Sensor
- Contact person of vendor

•

SPE 178900



### A Similar Framework for Surface Data ?

A	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	1	J	К	L	M	N	0	P	Q	R
FILE_INFO																	
ListSeparator=comma																	
DecimalSeparator=perio	d																
SESSION_INFO																	
-	GMT																
TimeZone																	
TimeZoneOffset	0																
DateTimeFormat		l-ddTHH:mm															
StartTime		-06T17:35:17	7														
TimeFormat	Absolute																
TimeSource	PC																
WELL INFO																	
	005.007	TODOALL															
Name		ATS DQA We	all .														
D	AB12347																
CHANNEL_INFO																	
Channel	Number	Туре	SampleR	Equation	Coefficients	CalibrationDate	Unit	WhereSensed	Accuracy	Precision	RangeMin	RangeMax					
Bit Position		Derived	10 sec	SPE DQA Approach # A1			feet		Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown					
Block Height		Measured		result = data			feet	Drawworks		Unknown	011K110W11						
Diff Press		Derived	10 sec	SPE DQA Approach # D4			PSI	DIGWWORKS	Unknown		-	Unknown					
Flow Out Percent		Measured		result = data			7.		Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown					
Hook Load		Measured		result = data			Klbs		Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown					
ROP - Average		Derived	10 sec	Propreitary						Unknown	Unknown	Unknown					
Pump SPM 1		Measured		No Information					Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown					
Strks – Pump 1	8	Measured	10 sec	result = data					Unknown	Unknown		Unknown					
Pump SPM 2	9	Measured	10 sec	No Information					Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown					
Strks – Pump 2	10	Measured	10 sec	result = data					Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown					
Top Drive RPM	11	Measured	10 sec	result = data				Top Drive	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown					
Top Drive Torque	12	Derived	10 sec	result = ([slope] * data) + [o	[slope]=0.11718	1/10/2014		•	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown					
Pump Pressure		Measured		result = data						Unknown	Unknown	Unknown					
Total Mud Volume		Derived	10 sec	result = data					Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown					
Flow In Rate		Derived	10 sec	No Information						Unknown	Unknown	Unknown					
Bit Weight	16	Derived	10 sec	No Information					Unknown	Unknown	U	Unknown					
DATA_START																	
Date Time	Hole Dep	Bit Position	Block He	Diff Press	Flow Out Perce	Hook Load	ROP-4	Pump SPM 1	Strks - Pump 1	Pump SPM 2	Strks - Pump	Top Drive RPM	Top Drive	Pump Pre	Total Muc	Flow In R.	Bit We
2014-12-06T17:35:17	3087.8	3086.64	66.91	21.91	75	160.5	(	103		. 104	279457	30.1	. 0		309		-0
2014-12-06T17:35:27	3087.8				76			) 103		104	279475	30.1	0		309		(
2014-12-06T17:35:37	3087.8				75			103		104	279492	30.1	0		310		5
2014-12-06T17:35:47	3087.8				76			0 103		104	279509	30	0		311		
2014-12-06T17:35:57	3087.8				76			0 103		104	279527	30	0		312		10
2014-12-06T17:36:07	3087.8				77			0 103		104	279544	30	0		314		1
2014-12-06T17:36:17	3087.8				77			0 103		104	279561	30	0		314		1
													-				
2014-12-06T17:36:27	3087.8				78			103		104	279578	30	0		315		10
2014-12-06T17:36:37	3087.8				77			0 103		104	279596	29.9	0		315		1
2014-12-06T17:36:47	3087.8				78			103	255811	104	279613	29.9	0		316		1
2014-12-06T17:36:57	3087.8	3087.16	66.39	129.76	78	150.6	(	103	255828	104	279630	29.9	0	2079.6	317	796	1
2014-12-06T17:37:07	3087.8	3087.2	66.35	129.42	78	150.6	(	0 103	255845	104	279648	29.9	0	2079.7	317	794	1
	3087.8	3087.24	66.31	130.16	79	150.6	(	103	255862	104	279665	29.9	0	2074.4	319	793	1
2014-12-06T17:37:17	OUO1.0																
2014-12-06T17:37:17 2014-12-06T17:37:27	3087.8			132.31	79	150.6	(	0 103	255879	104	279682	29.9	0	2078.7	319	794	10

# Adopting / Adapting LAS 2.0/3.0 ?



### LAS Version 2.0: A Digital Standard for Logs Update January 2014

BY Canadian Well Logging Society (www.cwls.org)

LAS Committee: C. Struyk, KC Petrophysics Inc J. Karst, Schlumberger Canada Ltd.

#### 1.0 Abstract:

The LAS 2.0 log data standard was introduced in 1992 and continues to be popular. This paper updates the LAS 2.0 documentation and makes a minor change to the LAS 2.0 specifications to better reflect the technological advances made since its introduction.

The changes and clarifications are as follows:

- · Line length is unrestricted in unwrapped mode (change)
- The depth value divided by the step value must be a whole number (clarification)
- Rounding of depth values is not acceptable. (clarification)
- The delimiters in a non-comment line are the first dot in the line, the first space after that dot and the last colon in the line. (clarification)
- Most LAS 2.0 files have a depth based index however a time based index is permitted (clarification).



# **Open Sourcing Common Calculations**

18 commits	<i>β</i> 2 branches	🛇 0 releases	{	බැ 1 contributor			
ranch: master - New pull re	uest New file Upload files Find fi	le HTTPS - https://git	nub.com/Projec 📴	Download Z			
Pradeep-Ashok Added Inclina	tion and Azimuth to SampleData file		Latest co	mmit b34709a 10 days a			
HelpDocuments	Added Inclination and Azimuth to Samp	leData file		10 days a			
InputData	Added Inclination and Azimuth to Samp			10 days a			
OutputResults	Sample Data Files and Code for ROP a	nd Bit Depth		3 months a			
.gitignore	Sample Data Files and Code for ROP a	nd Bit Depth		3 months a			
IICENSE Initial commit							
ProjectDataClarity / Sur		I Graphs	Inwatch - 3	Star 0 V Fork 1			
	Pull requests 🌒 🗐 Wiki 🔸 Pulse		Inwatch - 3 🖈	Star 0 ¥Fork 1			
Code () Issues 5	Pull requests 🌒 🗐 Wiki 🔸 Pulse	II Graphs					

ProjectDataClarity / SurfaceDerivedData									
<> Code	(!) Issues 5	ິງ Pull requests 0	🗐 Wiki	Pulse	II Graphs				

### Home

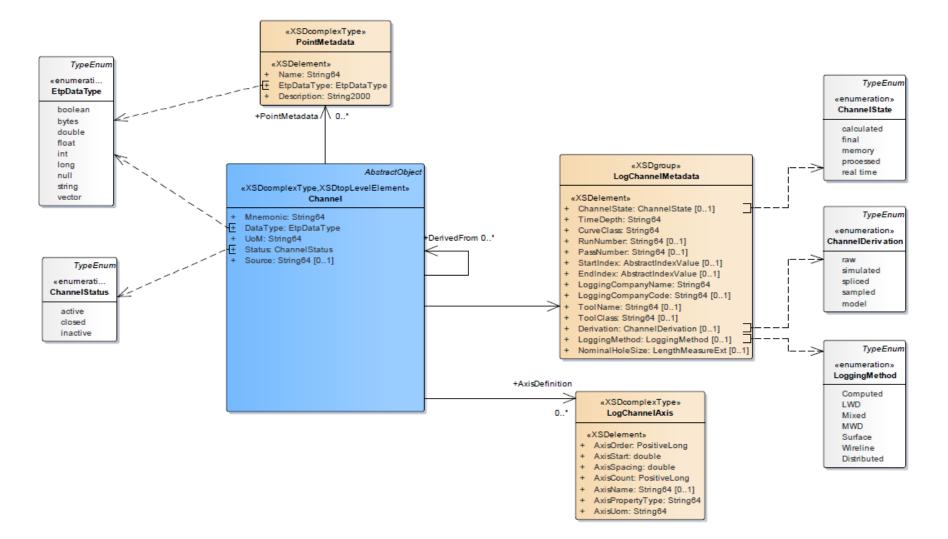
Pradeep-Ashok edited this page on Feb 13 · 14 revisions

### Introduction

Real-time data exchange amongst different stakeholders during the drilling of a well is important for broader adoption of drilling automation solutions. A lot of such data on a drilling rig is derived; i.e., calculated from core sensor measurements. Currently, derived data calculations are not well documented or standardized; thus it cannot be confidently used by parties other than those who create them. The objective of this work is to help remove this barrier.

We focus on nine commonly used derived data quantities: <u>bit depth</u>, hole depth (measured depth and true vertical depth), rate of penetration (time based and depth based), weight on bit, stick slip index, calculated flow in, and time to depth conversion and identify the metadata required to fully understand them. We identify the metadata by implementing, testing, and comparing the various

### Where is WITSML 2.0?





## Summary: Metadata is Important

- Facilitates data reuse and sharing
  - More easily interpreted and analyzed
  - Can be processed by others
- Reduces "Garbage In Garbage Out"
  - More trust in analysis
- It allows for data longevity
  - More useful in the long term
  - Historical record keeping



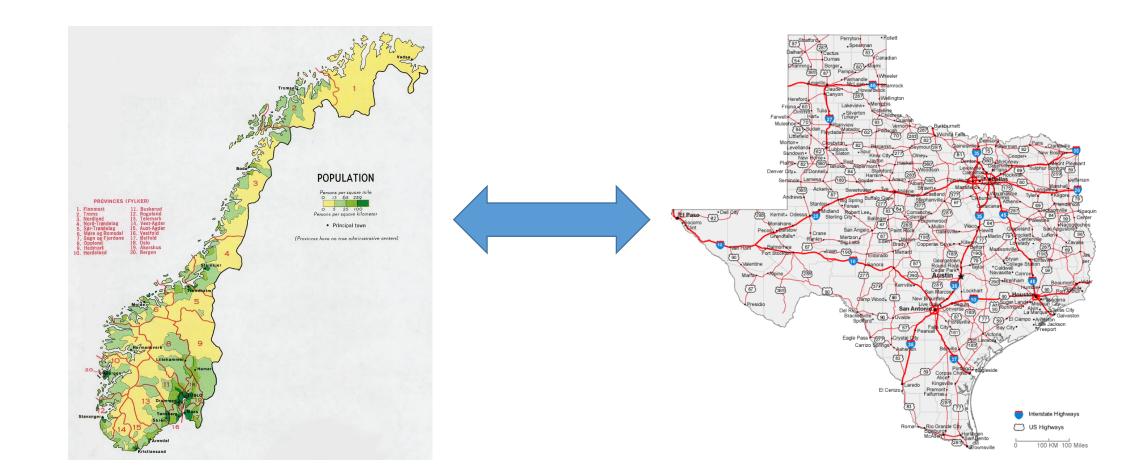


# We are not there yet !!!

- No standards yet
  - Debate on standardization versus innovation continues
  - If standardization is desirable, who can facilitate it ? Energistics is one option?
- Existing legacy systems do not facilitate metadata transfer
  - Stuck on WITS Systems
- Operators not asking "enough" for metadata ?
- WITSML 2.0 has capability
  - Slow adoption due to existing standards (1.3/1.4)
- Value to end user (Third Party, Operator)
  - Cost of change borne by data provider



### NORTEX Effort?





## Acknowledgement

John Macpherson, Richard Hammer, Martin Cavanaugh, Theresa Baumgartner, Alex Zhou, Eric van Oort, Michael Behounek, Taylor Thetford, Jacob McNab, Brian Nelson, Kyle Goncalves, Hans Uwe Brackel, Nathan Zenero, Jay Hollingsworth, Dandan Zheng, Deep Joshi, and many more...

## Questions

